



WESTMINSTER SCHOOL
THE CHALLENGE 2019

GREEK

Thursday 2 May 2019

Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes

Answers should be written in this booklet.

Please write in black or blue ink.

Please answer these questions before you start:

How long have you been studying Greek and how many lessons do you have a week?

.....

Which text book have you primarily used?

.....

READ THE INFORMATION BELOW CAREFULLY

Sections 1 and 2 have been designed for those of you who have not done very much Greek yet. All of you should attempt sections 1 and 2. If you wish, you may hand in your paper and leave when you have done these two sections.

However, whilst Sections 3 and 4 contain more challenging material, even those of you who have not specifically covered the material included, **are welcome to put your linguistic acumen to the test by giving these sections a go.**

You **cannot** harm your overall percentage by doing so!

EACH SECTION OF THE EXAM CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT WILL HELP YOU WITH OTHER SECTIONS; IF YOU ARE WISE YOU WILL MAKE SENSIBLE USE OF THIS INFORMATION!

Section 1:

[40 marks]

Answer the following questions.

1. τίς ἐστράτευε μίαν ἡμέραν μετὰ τῶν υἰῶν τῶν ἐλευθέρων; ἡγεμόνες γὰρ χρήσιμοι ἦσαν.

- i. Why does τίς have an accent?
- ii. With which word does μίαν agree? How do you know?
- iii. In what case is υἰῶν? Why?
- iv. Translate sentence 1 into English below.

.....

.....

2. Hide the bodies among the king's books, o poets, because the stranger will not find them.

- i. Which part of the verb κρύπτω (= I hide) will be used in this sentence?
- ii. What gender, and in which declension, is the Greek word for "books"?
- iii. What case will be needed after "among"?
- iv. Translate sentence 2 into Greek below.

.....

.....

3. τοὺς δεσπότας τοὺς δικαίους ἔβλαψεν ἡ νίκη, ἐπεὶ μετὰ τὴν μάχην ὁ τῆς πόλεως δῆμος ἔπεισεν ὑμᾶς βάλλειν τὰ ἐν τῇ νηϊ χρήματα εἰς τὴν θάλασσαν.

- i. With which noun does δικαίους agree? How do you know?
- ii. What is the subject of ἔβλαψεν?
- iii. What is the accusative plural of νηϊ?
- iv. Translate sentence 3 into English below.

.....

.....

4. Some ordered the general to kill the disgraceful guards; others were wickedly preparing more terrible deeds; nobody was willing to listen to the young man's wisdom.

- i. Translate sentence 4 into Greek below.

.....

.....

.....

Section 2: Answer both a. & b.**Total 60 marks****a. Translate into English onto alternate lines****[40 marks]***The Persian King Cambyses 'proves' he is not mad; Prexaspes and his son suffer from the demonstration.*

πολλοί ἐνόμιζον τὸν Καμβύσην, τὸν τῶν Περσῶν ἄρχοντα, εἶναι μανικόν. πολλάκις γὰρ ἔβλαψε καὶ τοὺς φίλους. ἦν δὲ Πέρσης τις, Πρεξάσπης ὀνόματι. ὁ δὲ Πρεξάσπης ἐπιστολὰς ὑπὲρ τοῦ ἄρχοντος ἔπεμπεν. καὶ υἷον εἶχεν, ἓνα τῶν τοῦ ἄρχοντος οἰνοχόων. ὁ δὲ Καμβύσης ποτε τῷ Πρεξάσπῃ εἶπεν: 'τίνας λόγους λέγουσιν οἱ Πέρσαι περὶ ἐμοῦ; λέγε μοι.' ὁ μὲντοι Πρεξάσπης ἔμενε σιγῇ πολὸν χρόνον.

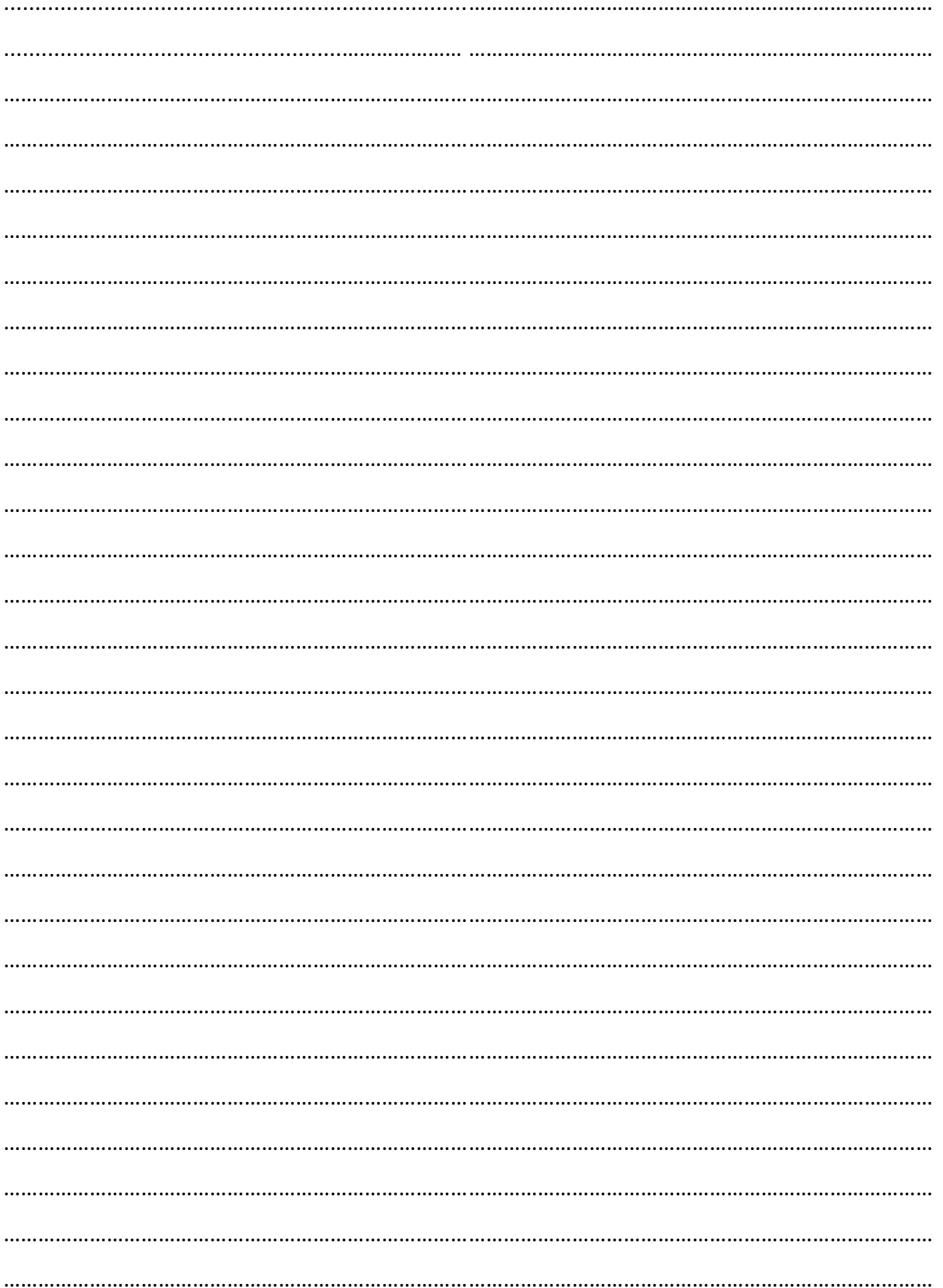
τέλος δὲ ὁ Πρεξάσπης τῷ ἄρχοντι κελεύοντι εἶπεν: 'λέγουσιν ὅτι ὁ οἶνος σοι ἀρέσκει ἄγαν.' ὁ δὲ Καμβύσης αὐτῷ εἶπεν: 'δεῖ οὖν μανθάνειν εἰ οἱ Πέρσαι λέγουσι δικαιῶς, καὶ εἰ μανικός εἰμι διὰ τὸν οἶνον. ὁ μὲν σὸς υἱὸς μένει πρὸ τῆς θύρας: ἐγὼ δὲ τόξον ἔχω. τοξεύσω οὖν αὐτὸν.' ἐπεὶ δὲ τὸν παῖδα ἐτόξευσεν, ὁ Καμβύσης ἐκέλευσε δούλους τὸν νεκρὸν αὐτοῦ διακόπτειν. οἱ δὲ δοῦλοι ἤρουν τὸ τόξευμα ἐν τῇ τοῦ παιδὸς καρδία. 'νῦν, ὦ φίλε', εἶπεν ὁ Καμβύσης, 'γινώσκομεν ὅτι οἱ Πέρσαι αὐτοὶ μανικοὶ εἰσιν.'

NAMES

Καμβύσης	Καμβύσου	ὁ	Cambyses (King of Persia)
Πέρσης	Πέρσου	ὁ	a Persian
Πρεξάσπης	Πρεξάσπου	ὁ	Prexaspes (a servant of Cambyses)

VOCAB

πολλοί -αί -ά	many	ὅτι	that
νομίζω	I think	οἶνος οἴνου ὁ	wine
ἄρχων ἄρχοντος ὁ	ruler	ἀρέσκω	I please
εἶναι	= inf. of εἰμί	ἄγαν	too much
μανικός -ή -όν	mad	εἰ	if
βλάπτω aor. ἔβλαψα	I harm	διὰ + acc.	because of
ὄνομα ὀνόματος τό	name	σός σή σόν	your
ὑπὲρ + gen.	on behalf of	πρὸ + gen.	in front of
υἱός υἱοῦ ὁ	son	τόξον τόξου τό	bow
εἷς μία ἓν	one	τοξεύω aor. ἐτόξευσα	I shoot
οἰνόχοος οἰνοχόου ὁ	wine-pourer	παῖς παιδός ὁ	child
ποτε	on one occasion	νεκρός νεκροῦ ὁ	dead body
περὶ + gen.	about, concerning	διακόπτω	I cut open
σιγῇ	in silence	τόξευμα τοξεύματος τό	arrow
πολύς (acc. masc. sg. πολύν)	much	καρδία καρδίας ἡ	heart
τέλος	finally		



b. Each of the following sentences has been translated for you, but in each Greek version there are **TWO** grammatical mistakes. Please circle the mistakes and correct each one.

c. [20 marks]

1. οἱ δούλοι μωροὶ πιστεύουσι τοὺς μύθους. = *The stupid slaves believe the stories.*

i.

ii.

2. οἱ ναῦτοι ἐν τῇ θαλάσῃ ἐπέσον. = *The sailors fell in the sea.*

i.

ii.

3. τὰ πλοῖα ἐμένον ἐν τῷ λιμένι πεντὴ ὥρῃς. = *The boats were remaining in the harbour for five hours.*

i.

ii.

4. ἡ καλὴ χώρα οὐκ ἐστὶν ἐλευθερὴ. = *The beautiful country is not free.*

i.

ii.

5. ἕμμος ἵππος ἦν φίλος τοῦ δούλου τοῦ σοφοῦ. = *My horse was a friend of the wise slave.*

i.

ii.

Section 3

[60 marks]

You may find other sentences or other parts of the exam helpful for a particular piece of vocabulary or construction.

a. Translate into English:

(3 x 5 = 15 marks)

1. ὁ υἱὸς τῷ πατρὶ οὐκ ἐπέισατο· νομίζει γὰρ αὐτὸν πολλάκις τοὺς παῖδας βλάπτοντα μανιχὸν εἶναι.

.....
.....

2. ὁ ἄρχων τῷ φίλῳ πολλὰς ἐπιστολάς πέμψαντι εἶπεν ὅτι οὐ ταύτας εὕρειν οἷός τ' ἐστίν.

.....
.....

3. δεῖ σε μαθεῖν διὰ τί ὁ δοῦλος τοῦτο πράττειν κελευσθεὶς οὐ τὸν νεκρὸν διακόψει.

.....
.....

b. Translate into Greek:

(3 x 15 = 45 marks)

1. One of the women was being sent to order her son to remain in front of the house.

.....
.....

2. Take the bodies out of the ship; for these Persians, not being friends, will shoot you with many arrows.

.....
.....

3. With the wine not pleasing the ruler, the slave found out that those who had sent it were bad men.

.....
.....

Section 4

[40 marks]

Translate the following passage into English – **please write your translation on alternate lines:**

The Athenians, facing a great crisis, attempt to arrange peace terms with the Spartans

οἱ δὲ Ἀθηναῖοι, πολιορκούμενοι κατὰ γῆν καὶ κατὰ θάλατταν, ἠπόρουσαν τί χρῆ ποιεῖν. οὔτε γὰρ ναῦς οὔτε συμμαχούς οὔτε σῖτον εἶχον, καὶ πολλοὶ λιμῶ ἀπέθνησκον. ἐπεὶ δὲ ὁ σῖτος ἐπελελοίπει, ἔπεμψαν πρέσβεις εἰς Λακεδαίμονα, βουλόμενοι σύμμαχοι εἶναι Λακεδαιμόνιοις, ἔτι ἔχοντες τὰ τεῖχη καὶ τὸν Πειραιᾶ, καὶ εἰρήνην ποιεῖσθαι. ἐπεὶ δὲ οἱ ἄρχοντες ἐπύθοντο ἃ οἱ πρέσβεις ἔλεγον, ἐκέλευον αὐτοὺς ἀπιέναι καὶ κάλλιον βουλευσασθαι εἰ εἰρήνην ποιεῖσθαι ἐβούλοντο.

Names

οἱ Ἀθηναῖοι	The Athenians
ἡ Λακεδαίμων –ονος	Sparta
οἱ Λακεδαιμόνιοι	The Spartans
ὁ Πειραιεύς (acc. Πειραιᾶ)	Peiraeus, the harbour of Athens

Vocab

πολιορκέω	I besiege
ἀπορέω	I am at a loss
λιμός –ου ὁ	famine
ἐπιλείπω	I fail, run out
εἰρήνη –ης ἡ	peace

